

## **QUOTES FROM THE FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION ACT OF 1974**

### **Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (FEAA), as amended (Public Law 93-275), 15 United States Code (USC) 772(b), Section 13(b) – Legal authority**

All persons owning or operating facilities or business premises who are engaged in any phase of energy supply or major energy consumption shall make available to the [Secretary] such information and periodic reports, records, documents, and other data, relating to the purposes of this Act, including full identification of all data and projections as to source, time, and methodology of development, as the [Secretary] may prescribe by regulation or order as necessary or appropriate for the proper exercise of functions under this Act.

### **FEAA, 15 USC 764(b), Section 5(b) – Purpose**

- (1) advise the President and the Congress with respect to the establishment of a comprehensive national energy policy in relation to the energy matters for which the [Secretary] has responsibility, and, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the integration of domestic and foreign policies relating to energy resource management;
- (2) assess the adequacy of energy resources to meet the demand in the immediate and longer range future for all sectors of the economy and the general public,...
- (9) collect, evaluate, assemble, and analyze energy information on reserves, production, demand, and related economic data.

### **The Department of Energy Organization Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-91) USC7135(i), Section 42 – Authority and justification for the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey**

#### **(i) Manufacturers energy consumption survey**

1. The Administrator shall conduct and publish the results of a survey of energy consumption in the manufacturing industries in the United States . . . in a manner designed to protect the confidentiality of individual responses. In conducting the survey, the Administrator shall collect information, including -
  - (A) quantity of fuels consumed;
  - (B) energy expenditures;
  - (C) fuel switching capabilities; and

(D) use of non-purchased sources of energy, such as solar, wind, biomass, geothermal, waste by-products, and cogeneration.

2. This subsection does not affect the authority of the Administrator to collect data under section 52 of the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 ([15](#) U.S.C. [790a](#)).